



The Nobel Prize in 1904

Physics: *Lord Rayleigh* (*John William Strutt*, 1842 - 1919), "for his investigations of the densities of the most important gases and for his discovery of argon in connection with these studies" (Presentation Speech, Biography and Nobel Lecture in English);

Chemistry: *Sir William Ramsay* (1852 - 1916), "for his discovery of the inert gaseous elements in air, and his determination of their place in the periodic system" (Presentation Speech, Biography and Nobel Lecture in English);

Physiology or Medicine: *Ivan Petrovich Pavlov* (1849 - 1936), "in recognition of his work on the physiology of digestion, through which knowledge on vital aspects of the subject has been transformed and enlarged" (Presentation Speech, Biography and Nobel Lecture in German);

Literature: *Frédéric Mistral* (1830 - 1914) (one half), "in recognition of the fresh originality and true inspiration of his poetic production, which faithfully reflects the natural scenery and native spirit of his people, and, in addition, his significant work as a Provençal philologist" (Presentation Speech and Biography in French), together with *José Echegaray y Eizaguirre* (1832 - 1916) (one half), "in recognition of the numerous and brilliant compositions which, in an individual and original manner, have revived the great traditions of the Spanish drama" (Presentation Speech and Biography in Spanish);

Peace: The *Institute of International Law*, "for its efforts as an unofficial body to formulate the general principles of the science of international law" (History in French).

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